



D6.1 – Conference disseminating conceptual design of demonstrator

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Abstract

Deliverable D6.1, titled “*Conference Disseminating Conceptual Design of Demonstrator*”, is part of WP6 of the Fun4Design project. We present two different demonstrators, with emphasis on the conceptual design in the automotive (A-Pillar frame) and aviation (aircraft sustainable design) sectors.

These works were presented at International Conference of Engineering Against Failure (ICEAF) VIII.

This deliverable provides a brief introduction to the conference papers and includes the presentation slides.

Keywords: Conceptual design, Demonstrator, A-Pillar, Aircrafts, Conference papers

Information Table

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Proposal Title (ΕΛ)	Σχεδιασμός βιώσιμων μηχανικών συστημάτων από πολλαπλά υλικά με προσανατολισμό στις λειτουργίες
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Department	DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING AND AERONAUTICS
Non-beneficiary Collaborating Organization(s)	TU DRESDEN
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Disclaimer

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1 INTRODUCTION

The submitted conference papers focused on disseminating the outcomes of the Fun4Design project. In **M19**, the conference paper (C1), titled: “**Towards a Machine Learning-Driven Sustainable Design of an A-Pillar Automotive Component**” was presented at the [International Conference of Engineering Against Failure \(ICEAF\) VIII](#). This study presents a data-driven approach for optimizing the design of an A-pillar multi-material component by the employment of Machine Learning (ML) models. An extensive series of nonlinear Finite Element (FE) analyses was conducted to generate a dataset capturing the mechanical performance, environmental impact, and cost metrics of various design variants for different geometric configurations and materials. The dataset was then used to train ML models based on linear regression to predict optimal design configurations according to predefined criteria. Design variants meeting holistic sustainability criteria were subsequently evaluated through FE simulations to verify the ML model predictions. The results demonstrate the effectiveness of this demonstrator in facilitating data-driven design optimization for automotive engineering. This design approach provides real-time decision-making support, allowing engineers to identify optimal configurations more rapidly and accurately than traditional design processes.

Also, the conference paper (C2) titled “**Promoting Sustainability in Aviation Engineering Through an Interactive Educational Platform**”, presented at the [International Conference of Engineering Against Failure \(ICEAF\) VIII](#), demonstrates a versatile approach to sustainable design that can be applied across multiple engineering sectors. The study, carried out in close collaboration with the Computer Engineering Department of the University of Patras (CEID), focused on sustainable aircraft design by developing a demonstrator based on a holistic sustainability framework encompassing environmental, technical, economic, and social dimensions. CEID contributed expertise in computational methods and VR technology, enabling the development of an interactive platform where users can explore virtual aircraft models and evaluate their sustainability performance across key metrics such as fuel efficiency, emissions, and recyclability. The platform was implemented for educational purposes with students in the Department of Mechanical Engineering and Aeronautics, providing an ideal context to test the methodology beyond automotive applications. Developed within the scope of the Fun4Design project, this work illustrates how its methodology for multi-criteria sustainability assessment is generalizable to sectors such as aerospace, leveraging the host institution’s expertise while showing the potential for broader adoption in early-stage design and decision-making across engineering disciplines.

Details of the Conference Presentations can be found in **Annex 1** and **Annex 2**.

ANNEX 1: Conference Presentation (C1)

Towards a Machine Learning-Driven Sustainable Design of an A-Pillar Automotive Component

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¹Department of Mechanical Engineering & Aeronautics, University of Patras, Greece


Function-oriented, Multi-material Design Of Sustainable Mechanical Systems (Fun4Design)

Objectives

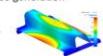
1. Develop methodologies for the **structural design of sustainable mechanical systems**
2. Integrate **sustainability & recyclability** considerations into the early design phase
3. Create a decision-making tool utilizing state-of-the-art machine learning algorithms

I. Analysis of main and secondary functions for representative geometries in A-Pillar structure [1]

- A-Pillar Geometry
- Material choice



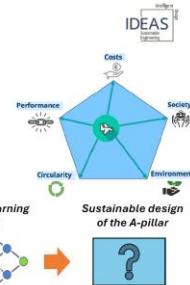
[1] Herbeck, M. et al. Materials & Design, Volume 202, 2023, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.matdes.2023.112615>

II: Parametric design and simulations for database generation

III: Development of a ML-algorithm for Sustainable Design


22-26 June 2025 Kalamata, Greece


Aim of the present research

- Machine Learning (ML) for data-driven optimization of A-pillar sustainable design is developed.
- Input to ML models: **Finite Element** (FE) analyses generate a dataset on mechanical performance, environmental impact, and cost for various geometries and materials.
- Also, the **holistic sustainability index** is integrated in the design including structural performance, environmental impact, and cost.
- The results ML models are further verified with FE simulations.


The proposed index to measure sustainability


$$SI = (K_P \times P) + (K_C \times C) + (K_E \times E) + (K_{CIRC} \times CIRC) + (K_{SOC} \times SOC)$$

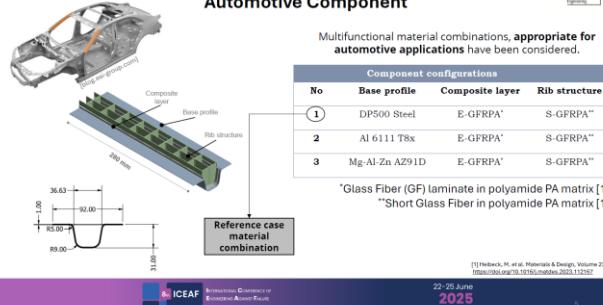


• A hybrid MCDM (AHP + Weighted Sum) is proposed to obtain the aggregated metric of sustainability.

• K_P , K_C , K_{CIRC} and K_{SOC} are subjective weight factors obtained from the AHP (Analytic Hierarchy Process) Saaty scale, reflecting the importance of each term to the overall index value.

• A min-max normalization is employed to normalize the considered metrics to a 0-1 range.

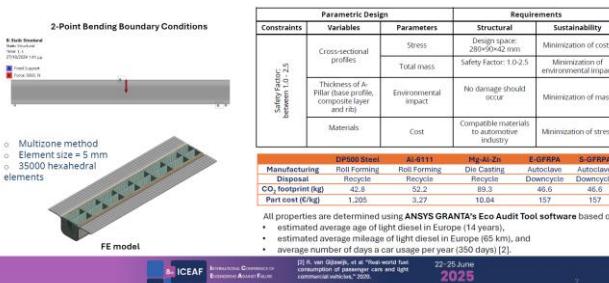
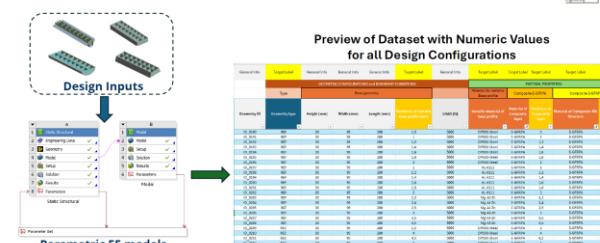
Numerical value	Definition
1	Low importance
3	Moderate importance
5	Strong importance
7	Demonstrated importance
9	Absolute importance
2,4,6,8	Intermediate values


Demonstration of the methodology: A-Pillar Automotive Component

Parametric Design and Boundary Conditions I.


• Rectangular (REC), semi-circular (CIRC) and trapezoidal (TRPZ) cross-sections are modeled and analysed, being typical cross-sections of automotive structural components.

• The composite sheet and rib structure were shaped to match the corresponding metallic profiles.

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Parametric Design and Boundary Conditions II.

Dataset Generation


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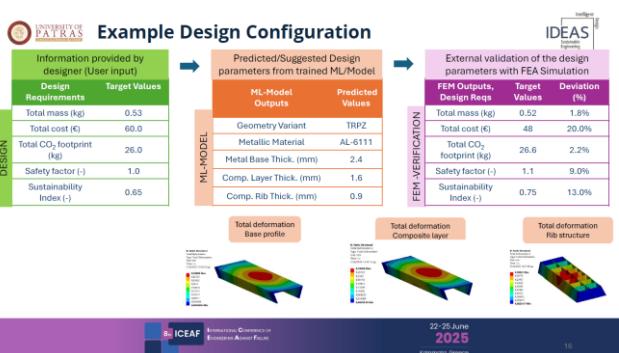
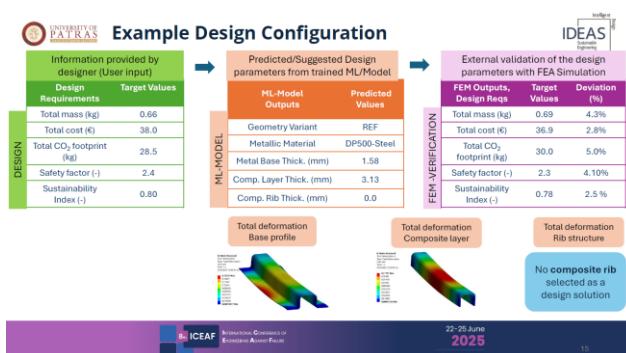
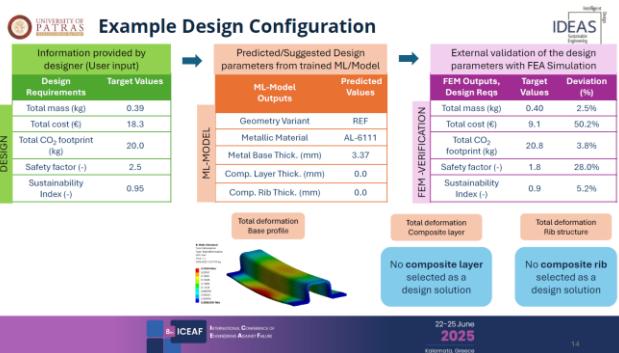
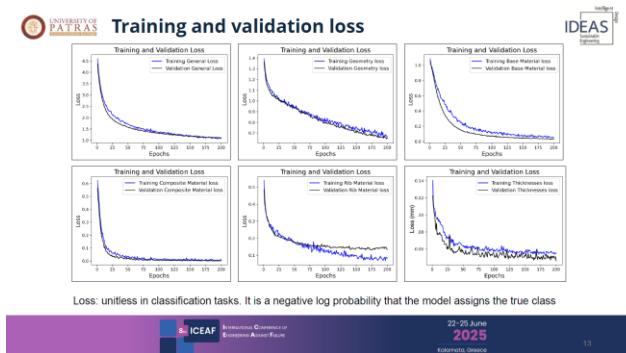
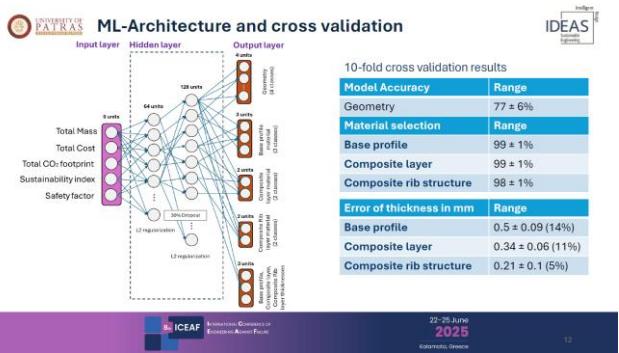
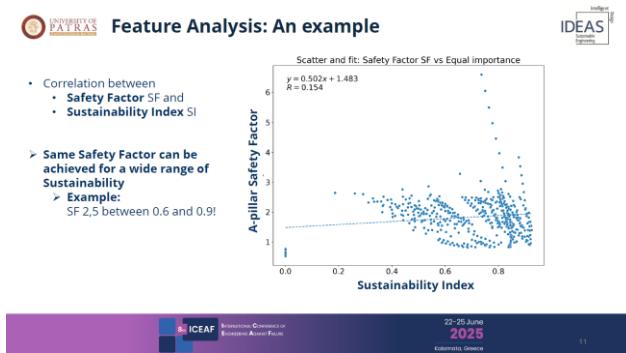
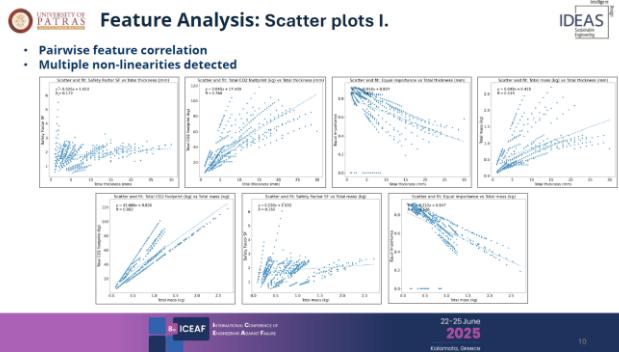
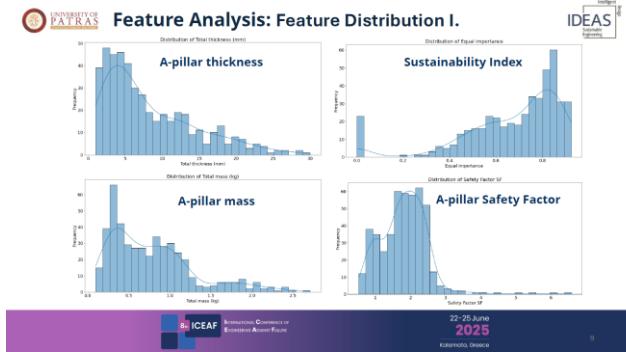


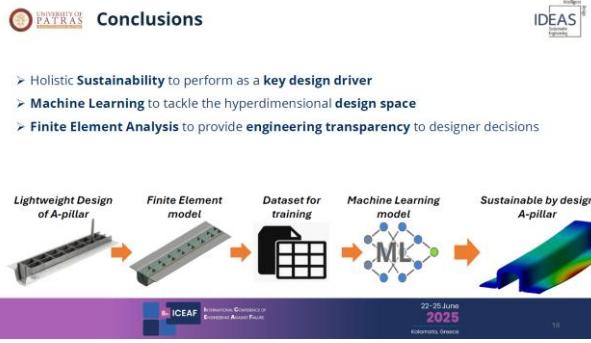
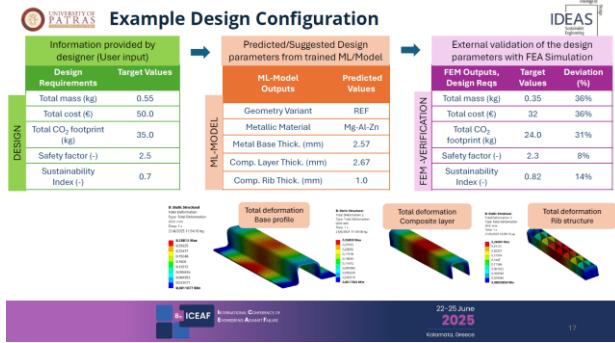
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Website: Fun4Design.idealab.upatras.gr



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ANNEX 2: Conference Presentation (C2)

Promoting Sustainability in Aviation Engineering Through an Interactive Educational Platform



Cabin Interior View



Realistic Cabin Interior View 1 Realistic Cabin Interior View 2

Interactive Nature



Interaction with NFTs (non-playable characters) – mini games (aircraft maintenance tasks, participation in quizzes, etc.)

Interactive Nature



Visualization of flight range Set up the Departure

Piloting of the Platform



Where
Arsatheion of Patras is considered one of the most modern schools in Greece and the Balkans

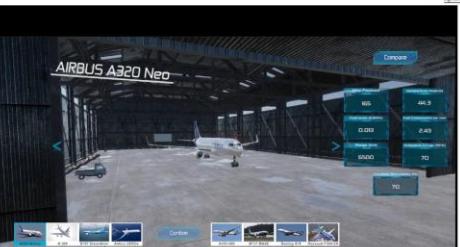
Piloting – High school students



Piloting – MEAD students



Platform Demo



Conclusions

- A virtual reality (VR) platform addressing the sustainability of the aviation sector was developed as an educational module utilizing gamification.
- Positive feedback and well-received by both school and university students.
- The requirement for multiple VR headsets results in high implementation costs.
- Fast-paced technological advancements may quickly render the equipment outdated, potentially reducing engagement among students accustomed to modern gaming standards.





What's next


- Further development and enrichment of the platform (incorporation of more mini-games relating to sustainability, increased interaction for the students and experimenting with aircraft characteristics, new environments and features, and additional aircrafts).
- Continue the demonstration of the platform to school and college students through the 'students go to university' initiative and in the frame of other research and teaching frameworks, e.g. through Erasmus projects.


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Website: [Fun4Design | IDEAS \(upatras.gr\)](http://Fun4Design.IDEAS.upatras.gr)



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